cannot be garnished for payment of debts, or be the subject of any other
civil transactions. As a rule, the money paid for maintenance cannot be
recovered, except by court order in cases where the original payments
resulted from false evidence.

VII. CONCLUSION

Such, then, are the main features of the Soviet family law in terms of
relationships between spouses, between parents and children, and between
other members of the family. As in every society, Soviet family law reflects
the social relationships within the Soviet family. It is difficult to transplant
legal norms from one system to another. However, that does not make it
impossible to transfer some technical solutions from one legal system to
another. As in all other instances, it is important that the law remain not only
on paper, but that it be a living law.